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Claims

- I A diblock copolymer of formula A-B wherein polymer block A represents a linear pharmaceutically acceptable hydrophilic polymer with a molecular weight < 1,000, and
- polymer block B represents a polymer comprising at least two different monomers selected from glycolic acid, propiolactone, γ-butyrolactone, δ-valerolactone, γ-valerolactone, ε-caprolactone, trimethylene carbonate, p-dioxanone, tetramethylene carbonate, ε-lactone, 1,5-dioxepan-2-one characterized in that the diblock copolymer is liquid at a temperature below 50°C.
 - 2 A diblock copolymer according to claim 1 wherein polymer block B represents a polymer comprising monomers selected from glycolic acid, propiolactone, γ-butyrolactone, δ-valerolactone, ε-caprolactone, trimethylene carbonate, p-dioxanone, tetramethylene carbonate, ε-lactone, 1,5-dioxepan-2-one or mixtures thereof.
 - 3. A diblock copolymer according to claim 1 wherein polymer block B represents a polymer comprising monomers of trimethylene carbonate and monomers selected from glycolic acid, propiolactone, γ-butyrolactone, δ-valerolactone, γ-valerolactone, ε-caprolactone, p-dioxanone, tetramethylene carbonate, ε-lactone, 1,5-dioxepan-2-one or mixtures thereof.
- A diblock copolymer according to claim 3 wherein polymer block B represents a polymer comprising monomers of trimethylene carbonate and monomers selected from glycolic acid, propiolactone, γ-butyrolactone, δ-valerolactone, ε-caprolactone, p-dioxanone, tetramethylene carbonate, ε-lactone, 1,5-dioxepan-2-one or mixtures thereof.
- A diblock copolymer according to claim 1 wherein polymer block B represents a polymer comprising monomers selected from propiolactone, γ-butyrolactone, δ-valerolactone, γ-valerolactone, ε-caprolactone, trimethylene carbonate, p-dioxanone, tetramethylene carbonate, ε-lactone, 1,5-dioxepan-2-one.
- A diblock copolymer according to claim 5 wherein polymer block B comprises two different monomers selected from propiolactone, γ-butyrolactone,
 δ-valerolactone, γ-valerolactone, ε-caprolactone, trimethylene carbonate,

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p-dioxanone, tetramethylene carbonate, &-lactone, 1,5-dioxepan-2-one.

- A diblock copolymer according to claim 6 wherein polymer block B comprises
 monomers selected from e-caprolactone and trimethylene carbonate.
- 8. A diblock copolymer according to any one of claims 1 to 7 wherein polymer block A represents poly(C_{1-20} alkylene oxide) or a derivative thereof.
- 9. A diblock copolymer according to claim 8 wherein the poly(C₁₋₂₀alkylene oxide)
 10 or the derivative thereof is poly(ethylene glycol) or a derivative thereof, in particular poly(ethylene glycol) monomethylether.
 - 10. A diblock copolymer according to claim 9 wherein the poly(ethylene glycol) or a derivative thereof has a molecular weight ranging from > 350 to ≤ 750.
 - 11. A diblock copolymer according to claim 10 wherein the poly(ethylene glycol) or the derivative thereof has a molecular weight of 750.
- 12. A diblock copolymer according to any one of claims 1 to 11 having a molecularweight ranging from 2,000 to 10,000.
 - 13. A diblock copolymer according to claim 12 having a molecular weight ranging from 2,000 to 8,000.
- 25 14. A diblock copolymer according to claim 13 having a molecular weight ranging from 2,500 to 7,000.
 - 15. A diblock copolymer according to any one of claims 1 to 14 being a liquid at room temperature or at 37°C.
 - 16. A composition comprising an active ingredient and one or more diblock copolymers of formula A-B according to any one of claims 1 to 15 characterized in that the composition is liquid below 50°C.
- 35 17. A composition according to claim 16 wherein the composition is non-aqueous.
 - 18. A pharmaceutical dosage form comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a

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composition according to claim 16 or 17.

- 19. A pharmaceutical dosage form according to claim 18 characterized in that the dosage form is suitable for oral administration.
- 20. A pharmaceutical dosage form according to claim 18 characterized in that the dosage form is suitable for parenteral administration.
- 21. A pharmaceutical dosage form according to any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein thedosage form is an aqueous solution.
 - 22. A process to prepare an aqueous solution comprising an active ingredient and one or more diblock copolymers of formula A-B according to any one of claims 1 to 15 characterized by mixing the active ingredient with the one or more liquid copolymers, i.e. at a temperature below 50°C, followed by addition of water while stirring.
 - 23. A process to prepare an aqueous solution comprising an active ingredient and one or more diblock copolymers of formula A-B according to any one of claims 1 to 15 characterized by
 - a) mixing the one or more copolymers with water at a temperature below 50°C, followed by
 - b) the addition of the active ingredient to the aqueous polymeric solution obtained under a) while stirring.
 - 24. Use of a composition according to claim 16 or 17 for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical dosage form for oral administration to a human or non-human animal in need of treatment.
- 30 25. Use of a composition according to claim 16 or 17 for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical dosage form for parenteral administration to a human or non-human animal in need of treatment.
 - 26. A pharmaceutical package suitable for commercial sale comprising a container, a pharmaceutical dosage form according to any one of claims 18 to 21, and associated with said package written matter.